SIP

The Universal Signaling Protocol

The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) is now firmly established as the most important signaling protocol both in the enterprise environment and in provider networks. The main advantage of SIP is that it is easy to expand: New formats are no problem, synchronous as well as asynchronous data streams can be initiated, and the

communication partners can be in a peer-to-peer or client-server relationship. After attending the course, participants will be familiar with the advantages, special features and possible applications of SIP architecture in general and SIP trunking in particular.

Course Contents

- The Components SIP Proxy, Location Server, and User Agent
- Back-to-Back User Agent (B2BUA) and Session Border Controller (SBC)
- SIP Protocol: Message Types and their Setup
- Typical SIP Processes during Connection Setup and a SIP Call
- SIP URIs and Tel URIs: Address Formats, Identities, and their Application
- SDP: Setup, Options, and Profiles
- VoIP and Video over IP (RTP and Signaling) Data Streams
- Features—Instant Messaging—Presence
- Interaction of SIP with NAT and Firewalls
- Fax with T.38 and Interaction with SIP
- SIP as a Protocol in the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS)
- Application of SIP in Provider Networks
- SIP Trunking

Practice-related presentations and the analysis of traces will make the course contents easier to understand.

E-Book The detailed digital documentation package, consisting of an e-book and PDF, is included in the price of the course.

Target Group

Persons working in planning and conceptual work will find themselves in this course just as much as employees who need to understand SIP at protocol level.

Prerequisites

In-depth knowledge of voice and IP is a prerequisite. Basic knowledge of VoIP is very helpful for attending the course.

This Course in the Web



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www.experteach-training.com/go/KSIP

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Table of Contents

SIP - The Universal Signaling Protocol

1	Fields of Application of SIP		Instant Messaging and MESSAGE		Media Endpoints
1.1	The Basic Idea	3.6	Further Request Types	4.6.7	Emergency Call
1.1.1	Signaling in General		OPTIONS	4.7	Fault Tolerance and Load-balancing
1.2	Payload Data Transport	3.6.2	PRACK—Reliable Acknowledgment	4.8	Overload Control
1.2.1	RTP—Transport and Reconstruction Function	3.6.3	UPDATE	4.8.1	Causes of Overload
1.2.2	RTCP—Information on RTP Connections	3.6.4	REFER	4.8.2	Previous SIP Mechanisms
1.2.3	Messaging	3.7	Application in Provider and Enterprise	4.8.3	Via Header Extension
1.2.4	End Devices		Structures	4.8.4	Load Control Event Package
1.3	SIP in the Enterprise Environment	3.8	Session Description Protocol		
1.4	SIP in the Provider Environment	3.8.1	Setup of the Message Body with SDP	Α	SIP Response Codes
1.5	SIP and WebRTC	3.8.2	SDP for Advanced Users	A.1	Response Codes
		3.8.3	RTP Profiles		
2	SIP—The Basics	3.9	Dial Tones—DTMF	В	List of Abbreviations
2.1	SIP—Session Initiation Protocol	3.10	Classic Features		
2.1.1	Classification in the ISO/OSI Model	3.10.1	Call Hold and Consultation Hold		
2.2	The Components of the SIP Architecture and	3.10.2	Music On Hold		
	their Tasks	3.10.3	Call Forwarding (Unconditional)		
2.2.1	The End Devices: User Agents	3.10.4	Call Transfer (Unattended)		
2.2.2	The Gateways	3.10.5	3-Party Conference Call		
2.2.3	The SIP Proxy	3.10.6	Completion of Call to Busy Subscriber		
2.3	Protocol Setup	3.10.7	Features for VoIP vs. PSTN		
2.3.1	SIP Requests—SIP Methods	3.10.8	RFC 3842: Voice Mailbox		
2.3.2	Responses from 100 Trying to 600 Busy	3.10.9	RFC 3680: Registrations		
	Everywhere				
2.4	A Session in Progress	4	SIP in Network Operation		
2.4.1	A session is not set up (1)	4.1	Security Aspects		
2.4.2	A session is not set up (2)	4.1.1	VoIP and Stateful Firewalls		
		4.1.2	Encryption: SIPS and SRTP		
3	SIP Advanced	4.2	Tools to Handle NAT		
3.1	The SIP Message	4.2.1	IADs and ALGs		
3.2	Registration and Control	4.2.2	STUN		
3.2.1	Registration of a SIP UA	4.2.3	Interactive Connection Establishment (ICE)		
3.2.2	Proxy Authentication	4.3	Session Border Controller		
3.3	A Session in Detail	4.4	The IMS—Core Structure of the NGN		
3.3.1	INVITE	4.4.1	The IMS Architecture		
3.3.2	100 Trying	4.4.2	Signaling in the IMS—The Components		
3.3.3	180 Ringing	4.4.3	P-Header Extensions		
3.3.4	200 OK Responding to the INVITE	4.5	Fax Solutions		
3.3.5	ACK for the INVITE	4.5.1	Fax as a Default VoIP Call		
3.3.6	Disconnection and BYE—Important Details	4.5.2	Fax Transmission with T.38		
3.3.7	Call Forking	4.6	SIP Trunking		
	Result Control and SIP	4.6.1	SIP Trunking Architecture and Security Aspects		
3.4		463	Registration Mode		
	Events	4.0.2	negistration mode		
3.4.1	Events SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY		Static Mode		
3.4.1		4.6.3	_		
3.4.1 3.4.2 3.5	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY	4.6.3 4.6.4	Static Mode		











